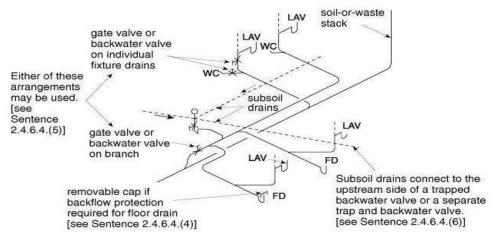
## **Backwater Valve Bulletin**



## 2018 BC BUILDING CODE 2.4.6.4 PROTECTION FROM BACKFLOW



- 1) Except as permitted in Sentence (2), a backwater valve or a gate valve that would prevent the free circulation of air shall not be installed in a building drain or in a building sewer.
- 2) A backwater valve may be installed in a building drain provided that;
  - a) it is a "normally open" design conforming to

i) CSA B70, "Cast Iron Soil Pipe, Fittings, and Means of Joining,"
ii) CAN/CSA-B181.1, "Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene (ABS) Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe and Pipe Fittings,"
iii) CAN/CSA-B181.2, "Polyvinylchloride (PVC) and Chlorinated Polyvinylchloride (CPVC) Drain, Waste, and Vent Pipe and Pipe Fittings," or
iv) CAN/CSA-B182.1, "Plastic Drain and Sewer Pipe and Pipe Fittings," and

- b) it does not serve more than one dwelling unit.
- 3) Except as provided in Sentences (4), (5) and (6), where a building drain or a branch may be subject to backflow, a gate valve or a backwater valve shall be installed on every fixture drain connected to them when the fixture is located below the level of the adjoining street.
- 4) Where the fixture is a floor drain, a removable screw cap may be installed on the upstream side of the trap.
- 5) Where more than one fixture is located on a storey and all are connected to the same branch, the gate valve or backwater valve may be installed on the branch.
- 6) A subsoil drainage pipe that drains into a sanitary drainage system that is subject to surcharge shall be connected in such a manner that sewage cannot back up into the subsoil drainage pipe.



